

Pool of DSEs

DISCIPLINE SPECIFIC ELECTIVE COURSE– 04 (BIOMED-DSE-04) MEDICAL BIOCHEMISTRY

CREDIT DISTRIBUTION, ELIGIBILITY AND PRE-REQUISITES OF THE COURSE

Course title & Code	Credits	Credit distribution of the course			Eligibility criteria	Pre-requisite of the Course	Department offering the course
		Lecture	Tutorial	Practical/ Practice			
Medical Biochemistry BIOMED-DSE-04	4	3	-	1	XII Passed	Basic knowledge of biology	Biomedical Science

Learning objectives

The Learning objectives of this course are as follows:

- The objective of this course is to educate students on the clinical significance of Biochemistry. Students would learn the principle and applications of the diagnostic enzymology, interplay of hormones in the metabolism and details of various biomolecules of diagnostic significance.
- These topics are incorporated in the course to impart relevant information on clinical biochemistry. This course will also focus on the contemporary methods and practical approaches that are used in the clinical laboratories for the investigation of the parameters to ascertain normal and diseased state.

Learning outcomes

The Learning outcomes of this course are as follows:

- Having successfully completed this course, students shall be able to learn and appreciate:
- To integrate the biochemical pathways of different biomolecules; the point of divergence and convergence and will have a comprehensive overview of the metabolic and hormonal regulation of pathways and cycles.

- Students will understand how disruptions in intermediary metabolism can lead to manifestations of diseases. Additionally, hormonal actions in maintaining body mass shall be understood and factors leading to disorders such as obesity and diabetes will also be learnt.
- The diagnostic significance of enzymes and isoenzymes as diagnostic markers in clinical tests. They will learn to assess how biochemical tools accomplish diagnostic and therapeutic interventions on metabolic and genetic disorders. They will also learn to correlate the tissue/organ-specific metabolic indicators with the physiological and clinical state of a patient.
- Students would be able to gain knowledge about several bimolecular conjugates, their structural complexities, physiological significance and clinical correlations, especially the disorders related to lipid metabolism.
- Students will learn about recommended daily allowance for vitamins, their role as dietary precursors and clinical significance of deficiency diseases.
- With the help of diagnostic kits that are used in clinical laboratories students will learn to perform qualitative and quantitative analyses of samples. Through the presentations made on the known case studies, students will learn how to apply the gained knowledge in diagnosis and prognosis of a disease and know the relevance of preventive measures taken in healthcare. Also, they will be introduced to quantitative analysis of biomolecules in clinical biochemistry and evaluation of relevant data.

SYLLABUS OF BIOMED-DSE-04

Unit I: Introduction to Medical Biochemistry with an Overview of Integrative Metabolism (12 hrs)

Basic Concepts and Scope of Medical Biochemistry.

Local and global regulation in tissue specific metabolism. Interplay of insulin and glucagon hormones. Integration of various metabolic pathways of proteins, lipids and carbohydrates. Obesity, role of leptin, ghrelin and adiponectin in regulation of body mass, hunger and satiety.

Unit II: Enzymes - Distribution and Diagnostic Significance (12 hrs)

Properties of enzymes used in diagnosis. Factors affecting levels of diagnostic enzymes in blood and the selection of a test. Clinical significance of diagnostically important enzymes: Creatine kinase, Lactate dehydrogenase, alanine- and aspartate aminotransferases, with a detailed account of the biochemical reactions catalyzed by these enzymes and of their clinical assays. Kinetic assay and end point assay for the enzymes.

Isoenzymes: types of isoenzymes, allozymes, hybrid isoenzymes, isoforms, their tissue distribution, clinical and diagnostic significance.

Unit III: Structural Complexities and Diseases Associated with Carbohydrates and Lipids (14 hrs)

Carbohydrates: Sugars as information molecules. Detailed account on Lectins: their role in physiological functions and their potential as drug targets in various infectious diseases. Dietary fibres

Lipids: Types of Lipoproteins (chylomicrons, VLDL, LDL, HDL). Disorders associated with lipid metabolism (hyperlipidemia). Prostaglandins: classification, biosynthesis, role of COX-1, COX-2, NSAIDS in synthesis, functions.

Steroids: Cholesterol- biosynthesis and regulation, inhibitors of cholesterol biosynthesis (Statins - structure and biochemical basis).

Unit IV: Vitamins (7 hrs)

Definition, classification, functions, recommended dietary allowances, and dietary precursors. Diseases (1 each, due to deficiency of water-soluble and fat-soluble vitamins): symptoms and clinical significance

Practical (30 Hrs)

(Wherever wet-lab experiments are not possible, the principles and concepts can be demonstrated through any other material or medium including videos/virtual labs, etc.)

1. Virtual demonstration of preparation of serum or plasma from whole blood.
2. Quantitative determination of the following (any 4):
 - i) SGPT/SGOT
 - ii) Albumin/Total protein and A:G ratio
 - iii) Urea
 - iv) Uric acid
 - v) Total Cholesterol, HDL, LDL
 - vi) Triglycerides
3. Interpretation of case studies (any 3)
4. Analysis of a given Diagnostic Test Report for KFT/LFT/Myocardial Infarction.
5. Profiling of Iron and Vitamin D/B12 deficiency in Indian Population, using recent published data.

Essential Reading:

- Nelson, D.L. and Cox, M.M. (2021). *Lehninger: Principles of Biochemistry* (8th ed.). Macmillan. ISBN: 9781319322328
- Burtis, C.A., Bruns, D.E., Sawyer, B.G, Tietz, NW (2015). *Tietz Fundamentals of Clinical Chemistry and Molecular Diagnostics*. United States Of America: WB Saunders Company, ISBN: 9781455741656
- Chatterjee & Shinde (2012). *Textbook of Medical Biochemistry* (8th ed). New Delhi, India: Jaypee Publications ISBN: 978-93-5025-484-4
- Literature provided by Diagnostic Kit's manufacturer.

Suggestive reading

- Murray, R. Bender, D.Botham, M.K.Kennelly, P.J.Rodwell, V.Weil, P.A. (2018). *Harpers Illustrated Biochemistry*; New Delhi, India: McGraw-Hill Medical.
- Devlin, T.M. (2011). *Textbook of Biochemistry with Clinical Correlations*. New Jersey, United States of America: John Wiley & Sons, Inc.

DISCIPLINE SPECIFIC ELECTIVE COURSE –5 (BIOMED-DSE-05) INDUSTRIAL MICROBIOLOGY

CREDIT DISTRIBUTION, ELIGIBILITY AND PRE-REQUISITES OF THE COURSE

Course title & Code	Credits	Credit distribution of the course			Eligibility criteria	Pre-requisite of the course	Department offering the course
		Lecture	Tutorial	Practical/Practice			
Industrial Microbiology BIOMED-DSE-05	4	3	-	1	XII Passed	Basic knowledge of biology	Biomedical Science

Learning objectives

- The Industrial Microbiology course has been formulated to train students on how microbiological techniques are carried out in industrial practices.
- Students will be able to learn usage of microorganism for industrial applications.
- This course will concentrate on experimental practice and their theoretical aspects. Study of this course will develop trained manpower ready for industry and bridge the huge gap that exists between knowledge based conventional education and market demands.
- This would further help inculcate sense of job responsibilities, while maintaining social and environment awareness.
- Students would eventually build-up a progressive and successful career in industries with a biotechnological perspective.

Learning outcomes

- The course on Industrial Microbiology starts with the fundamental basics and scope of industrial microbiology. Students would learn the requirements for setting up an Industrial Microbiological unit along with the kind of microbial products that can be made available.
- The course would help the students to explore the benefits of microbial kingdom.
- Students would also understand the process of selection of potent strains suitable for industrial application and use of mutants/genetically modified organism for this purpose. Methods associated with usage and selection of appropriate fermentation process will enhance the learning of students enable them to think in new horizons.

- Selection of appropriate nutrient for the multiplication of microorganism plays a significant role at industrial level. Through understanding of the current scenario might help them setting their own ventures.
- Students would be given a glimpse of extraction of fermentation products and maintenance of sterility in fermenters. Different types of nutritive products/beverages such as beers, wines, spirits, bread, single cell proteins can be obtained using fermenters.
- At the end of syllabus students would learn the process of waste water treatment by municipal corporations.

SYLLABUS OF BIOMED-DSE-05

Unit I: Scope of Industrial Microbiology

(6 hrs)

Scope of Industrial Microbiology; Industrial microbiology in comparison to Chemical/any other industry; emphasis on functioning of fermentation industry; examples of products and microbes; Industrial Microbiology and Biotechnology; History (An Art from the Past, a Skill for the Future); Obsolescence in Industrial Microbiology.

Organizational set-up in an industrial microbiology establishment: Upstream processing (USP) and downstream processing (DSP); unit downstream processing. Bioprocess: introduction, advantages and limitations. Industrial fermentation products and their producer microorganisms.

Unit II: Industrial Microorganisms

(8 hrs)

Taxonomic diversity of industrially useful bacteria and Fungi: Brief Discussion, general feature and taxonomic position; Bacterial genomes and genomics of bacterial plasmids; Useful Characteristics in microbes used in Industrial Microbiology and Biotechnology; Isolation of suitable producer microorganisms from environment.

Concept of Microorganisms classified as Generally Regarded As Safe (GRAS); Culture Collections of industrial microorganisms; Industrial producer strains and strain improvement: Outline and importance of the process; Use of mutants / Genetically Modified Microorganisms (GMM) as against Wild type isolates for production; ethical issues related to release of GMM in the environment. Aseptic and non-aseptic fermentations; Fermentation types according to organization of biological system: Suspended and support culture; Screening for productive strains. Good manufacturing processes.

Unit III: Industrial Media and the Nutrition of Industrial Organisms (6 hrs)

Basic Nutrient Requirements of Industrial Media; Criteria for the Choice of Raw Materials Used in Industrial Media; Raw Materials Used in Compounding Industrial Media; Potential Sources of Components of Industrial Media; Use of Plant Waste Materials in Industrial Microbiology: Saccharification of Polysaccharides, Standard microbes used in Industry, like useful *E.coli* and *Pichia*.

Unit IV: Fermenters and its Operation (7 hrs)

Definition of a Fermenter; Aerated Stirred Tank Batch Fermenter; Temperature control in a fermenter; Foam production and control; Process control in a fermenter; Anaerobic Batch Fermenters; *Continuous fermentations*; Design of New Fermenters on the Basis of Physiology of the Organisms; Place of the Pilot Plant; Inoculum Preparation; Surface or Solid State Fermenters; Extraction of Fermentation Products; Maintenance of sterility in Fermenters

Unit V: Production of fermented foods and Metabolites (13 hrs)

Single Cell Proteins and its nutrition value; Yeast Production; Other fermented foods – from bread, corn etc; Production of Beers: Barley and Sorghum Beers; Production of wines and spirits: Grape wines; Palm wines and Distilled Alcoholic (or Spirit) Beverages; Production and processing of vinegar. Production of Organic Acids and Industrial Alcohols; Amino Acids; Biocatalysts; Microbial Fertilizers; Microbial Insecticides; Antibiotics and Anti-Tumor Agents; Ergot Alkaloids; Microbial Transformation and Steroids and Sterols; Vaccines; Microbial Products with Bioactive properties.

Unit VI: Treatment of wastes in industries (5 hrs)

Methods for determination of organic matter content in Waste Waters – Dissolved oxygen, Biological oxygen demand, Permanganate value (PV) test, Chemical oxygen demand, Total organic carbon, Total suspended solids, Volatile suspended solids; Wastes from Major Industries; Systems for the Treatment of Wastes; Treatment of the Sludge; Waste Water Disposal in the Pharmaceutical Industry. Municipal waste water treatment plant, Microbial degradation of pollutants (Bioremediation), Recovery of resources from waste using microbes (biomining/metal recovery).

Practical

(30 hrs)

(Wherever wet lab experiments are not possible the principles and concepts can be demonstrated through any other material or medium including videos/virtual labs etc.)

1. Field trip to any industrial setup / research organization for demonstration of fermenters.
2. Antibiotic/anticancer drugs production using *Streptomyces* species.
3. Replicate the classic experiment of Sir Alexander Fleming experiment for the production of penicillin.
4. Fermentation of sugarcane syrup using yeast and detection of alcohol percentage.
5. Microbial biomass production: manufacturing of baker's yeast.
6. Mushroom cultivation strategies.
7. Maintenance of starter culture for probiotics.
8. Demonstration of production/extraction of microbial production.
9. Commercial microbial production.

Essential Readings

- Willey, J., Sherwood, L., and Woolverton, C.J. (2019). 11th Edition. Prescott's microbiology. New York, USA: McGraw-Hill Education. ISBN-13: 1260211887-978 .
- Tortora, G.J., Funke, B.R., Case C.L. Weber, D. and Bair, W. (2018). 13th Edition. Microbiology: An introduction. Addison-Wesley, ISBN-13 : 978-0134605180.
- Cappuccino, J.G. and Welsh, C. T. (2017). 11th Edition. Microbiology: A laboratory manual. Pearson Publishers. ISBN-13: 1292175782-978.

Suggestive Readings

- Tille, P. (2013). 13th Edition. Bailey & Scott's diagnostic microbiology. Elsevier's Publishers. ISBN-13 : 978-0323681056
- Pelczar, M.J (2001). 5th Edition. Microbiology. New York, USA: McGraw Hill International. ISBN-13: 9780074623206.

**DISCIPLINE SPECIFIC ELECTIVE -6 (BIOMED-DSE-06) ENVIRONMENT
SUSTAINABILITY AND BIOMEDICAL WASTE MANAGEMENT**

CREDIT DISTRIBUTION, ELIGIBILITY AND PRE-REQUISITES OF THE COURSE

Course title & Code	Credits	Credit distribution of the course			Eligibility criteria	Pre-requisite of the course (if any)	Department offering the course
		Lecture	Tutorial	Practical/ Practice			
Environment Sustainability And Biomedical Waste Management BIOMED-DSE-06	4	3	-	1	XII Passed	Basic knowledge of biology	Biomedical Science

Learning objectives

The Learning objectives of this course are as follows:

- To promote awareness among students about the importance of environment and its sustainable usage and development
- To highlight the components affecting environment and factors responsible for deterioration of environment
- To familiarize with the techniques available for waste management, use of refuse/ reduce/re-use/ recover/re-cycle of substances toxic for environment

Learning outcomes

Having successfully completed this course, students shall be able to learn and appreciate:

- Surroundings and environment, renewable/non-renewable natural resources and their exploitation. Sensitizing about environmental crisis can promote them to for search alternatives to reduce our dependence of non-renewable natural resources and their usage.
- Studies on pollution and deforestation will help them to understand their impact on environment and human health. Conservation of forests and recycling policies will promote social awareness about sustainable development.
- Learning about various methods of sustainable development is an important for skill development in students so that they can design better strategies to protect our environment.

- Generation of biomedical waste is alarmingly increasing but the awareness of appropriate waste disposal methods is completely lacking. Development of new methods for waste management and strategies in this area will help them to reduce and segregate waste at point source.
- At the end of this course, students will be able to understand the severity of the problem and influence of biohazards on human health

SYLLABUS OF BIOMED-DSE-06

Unit I: Environment and Environmental Crisis

(08 hrs)

Function of environment, resources (biotic and abiotic), renewable resources (air, water, land) and non-renewable resources (fossil fuels), worldwide Environmental Crisis: Global Warming, Ozone Layer Depletion, Measures to protect environment: environmental pollution and its control measures, air pollution in metropolitan cities of India, Deforestation and conservation, steps for social awareness, Reduce, Reuse and Recycle policy for waste management, water conservation, implementation of policies and programmes for environment sensitization, Environmental tribulations in India: Environmental degradation, Indian government proposals and plans to protect environmental degradation

Unit II: Role of green technologies in Sustainable development

(14 hrs)

- Definition and aspects, requirements, strategies and way for sustainable development, Role of education for sustainable development (ESD); Management of resources for human consumption and its impacts assessment, Influence of biodiversity on ecosystem services, Land use changes for agriculture and food, Indian government initiatives to implement sustainable development, Challenges to acquire SDGs.
- Surfacing green technologies and sustainable growth, Different aspects of sustainable development: bioprospect of plant essential oils for medicinal uses-revival of Indian ancient practice; Nanotechnology: potential for environmental sustainability, Role of photo-catalyst in environmental remediation, Applications and future prospective of biopolymers in industries; Green and self-sustainable buildings: Opportunities and challenges

Unit III: Measures for Sustainable development

(09 hrs)

Phytoremediation of chemopollutants, bioconversion of industrial wastes into value-added polyhydroxyalkanoate (eg sugar and oils), Role of fungal and bacterial resources in heavy metal/radioactive

waste material contaminated soil remediation and ecological restoration, xenobiotics bioremediation using fungi, Impact of pesticides usage in agricultural practices on microbial communities and soil bioprocesses: a biochemical, physiological, and molecular perception; Possibilities of biofuel production from microalgae as renewable energy source for environmental sustainability, integrated algal industrial waste treatment and bioenergy generation

Unit IV: Biomedical waste management **(07 hrs)**

Definition and classification of biomedical waste, Infectious, non-infectious and chemical waste;

Waste management: designation of waste, segregation, packaging and transportation.

Treatment: steam sterilization, chemical disinfection, incineration, emerging treatment technologies, treated waste disposal, regulatory and advisory considerations, Training of supportive staff

Unit V: Health and safety of workers in hazardous environment **(07 hrs)**

Exposure of workers at hazardous waste sites: chemical exposure, explosion and fire, ionizing radiation, biologic hazards, oxygen deficiency, heat stress, blood borne pathogens, safety hazards, electrical hazards, noise hazards, cold exposure, other physical hazards, hazardous waste operations and emergency response

Practical **(30 hrs)**

(Wherever wet lab experiments are not possible, the principles and concepts can be demonstrated through any other material or medium including videos/virtual labs etc.)

1. Document the Biological Wealth (flora and fauna) of your campus.
2. Calculate the water footprint of your organization.
3. Examine the current status of organization for waste management. Develop guidelines to reduce waste by improved methods of handling and disposing of wastes.
4. Plan guidelines for the safety of workers working at hazardous waste sites.
5. A case study on “Make sustainability more than just the right thing to Do”
6. A case study on handling and disposal of wastes.
7. Develop green design of organization to maintain and enrich the biological wealth.
8. Understandings of energy missions and follow up for classroom energy audit.

9. Prepare a questionnaire to assess knowledge, attitude and practices among students about Sustainable Development
10. Prepare a poster on Bio-augmentation and Bio-stimulation.
11. Make a poster on success stories of environmental policies and movements that have reduced pollution or reversed diminishing populations of unique species.
12. Determine your carbon footprinting.

Essential readings

- Sangeetha, J; Thangadurai, D; David, M and Abdullah, M.A. (2021) 1st Edition. Environmental Biotechnology: Biodegradation, Bioremediation, and Bioconversion of Xenobiotics for Sustainable Development. Edited by. Apple Academic Press Inc, 9 Spinnaker Way, Waretown, NJ 08758, USA. International Standard Book Number-13: 978-1771883627.
- Fulekar, M.H.; Pathak, B; Kale, R.K. (2014) Edition 2014th Environment and Sustainable Development. Publisher-Springer Nature ISBN: 978-8132211655
- William C. Blackman, Jr (2001) Basic hazardous waste management.. Third Edition, Lewis Publishers, Boca Raton London New York Washington, D.C. ISBN 1-56670-533-9 (alk. paper)

Suggestive readings:

- Tweedy, James T., Healthcare hazard control and safety management-CRC Press_Taylor and Francis (2014).

**SEMESTER-V
BIOMEDICAL SCIENCE**

DISCIPLINE SPECIFIC CORE COURSE –13 (BIOMED-DSC-13) GENOME ORGANIZATION AND FUNCTION (GOF)

CREDIT DISTRIBUTION, ELIGIBILITY AND PRE-REQUISITES OF THE COURSE

Course title & Code	Credits	Credit distribution of the course			Eligibility criteria	Pre-requisite of the course	Department offering the course
		Lecture	Tutorial	Practical /Practice			
Genome Organization and Function BIOMED-DSC-13	4	3	-	1	XII Passed	Basic knowledge of biology	Biomedical Science

Learning objectives

- The course on Genome Organization and Function (GOF) will review the basic concepts of organization and architecture of human genome.
- This course would equip the students with intriguing concepts of genome packing within the nucleus, the regulatory strategies either at transcriptional or translational level, gene silencing, RNAi and mechanisms of regulatory effects of non-coding RNA.
- The objective is to remain competitive and relevant in international sense by offering high quality academic programs and research activities.

Learning outcomes

- Students will acquire basic concepts of genome, its organization and maintenance, packaging of DNA into chromosome structure, changes in histone and chromosome remodeling proteins.
- Students will learn the concept of regulatory mechanisms governing over-expression and under-expression of genes. They will understand transcriptional and translational control in prokaryotes and in eukaryotes.